House File 548 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 548
BY COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY

(SUCCESSOR TO HSB 187)

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act providing for the regulation of hemp, including by
- 2 creating an affirmative defense in cases of criminal
- 3 prosecution, and making penalties applicable.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- 1 Section 1. Section 124.204, subsection 7, Code 2021, is
- 2 amended to read as follows:
- 3 7. Exclusions. Schedule I does not consist of the plant
- 4 cannabis if it is any of the following:
- 5 a. Hemp as defined in section 204.2 that is or was produced
- 6 in this state, or was produced in another state, in accordance
- 7 with the provisions of chapter 204 with a maximum delta-9
- 8 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not exceed
- 9 three-tenths of one percent on a dry weight basis.
- 10 b. A hemp product as provided in chapter 204 with a maximum
- 11 delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration that does not exceed
- 12 three-tenths of one percent on a dry weight basis defined in
- 13 section 204.2.
- 14 Sec. 2. Section 124.401, subsection 6, unnumbered paragraph
- 15 1, Code 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- 16 Notwithstanding any other provision in this section to
- 17 the contrary, and subject to section 124.401G, a person may
- 18 produce, possess, use, harvest, handle, manufacture, market,
- 19 transport, deliver, or distribute any of the following:
- Sec. 3. Section 124.401G, Code 2021, is amended to read as
- 21 follows:
- 22 124.401G Iowa hemp Act negligent violation program
- 23 compliance affirmative defenses.
- 24 l. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the
- 25 contrary, a person shall not be guilty of an offense under
- 26 this chapter, including under section 124.401 or 124.410, for
- 27 if the person proves by a preponderance of the evidence an
- 28 affirmative defense of compliance with chapter 204 as provided
- 29 in an applicable subsection of this section.
- 30 2. It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution
- 31 for producing, possessing, using, harvesting, handling,
- 32 manufacturing, marketing, transporting, delivering, or
- 33 distributing the plant cannabis that the person complied with
- 34 section 204.7, subsection 5 or 6.
- 35 3. It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution

- 1 for producing, possessing, using, harvesting, handling,
- 2 manufacturing, marketing, transporting, delivering, or
- 3 distributing the plant cannabis pursuant to the results of a
- 4 test conducted pursuant to section 204.8, if that all of the
- 5 following apply:
- 6 l. a. The person holds a valid hemp license issued is a
- 7 licensee under the negligent violation program administered by
- 8 the department of agriculture and land stewardship as provided
- 9 in chapter 204 section 204.15.
- 10 $\frac{b}{b}$ The plant is or was produced on the licensee's crop
- 11 site as provided in chapter 204.
- 12 $\frac{3}{1}$ The offense arises out of a test of a sample of
- 13 plants that are part of a crop produced on the licensee's crop
- 14 site and the test indicates that the sample does not qualify
- 15 as hemp under section 204.8 and does not exceed a maximum
- 16 concentration of two percent delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol on a
- 17 dry weight basis.
- 18 $\frac{4}{3}$ d. The licensee is participating in or has successfully
- 19 completed the negligent violation program that applies to the
- 20 licensee's crop site described in subsection 3 if such program
- 21 is established by the department of agriculture and land
- 22 stewardship pursuant to section 204.15 paragraph "c".
- 23 4. a. It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution for
- 24 possessing, using, handling, manufacturing, selling, marketing,
- 25 transporting, delivering, or distributing an item derived from
- 26 or made by processing the plant cannabis that the product meets
- 27 the definition of a hemp product as defined in section 204.2.
- 28 b. It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution for
- 29 manufacturing, selling, or consuming a consumable hemp product
- 30 as defined in section 204.2 that the consumable hemp product
- 31 was manufactured, sold, or consumed in compliance with section
- 32 204.7, subsection 8.
- 33 Sec. 4. Section 453B.5, Code 2021, is amended to read as
- 34 follows:
- 35 453B.5 Defense or immunity.

- 1 This Except as provided in section 453B.18, this chapter
- 2 does not provide in any manner a defense or affirmative defense
- 3 to or immunity for a dealer from criminal prosecution pursuant
- 4 to Iowa law.
- 5 Sec. 5. Section 453B.18, Code 2021, is amended by striking
- 6 the section and inserting in lieu thereof the following:
- 7 453B.18 Iowa hemp Act affirmative defense.
- 8 1. Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the
- 9 contrary, a person shall not be guilty of an offense under
- 10 this chapter if the person proves by a preponderance of the
- 11 evidence an affirmative defense of compliance with chapter 204
- 12 as provided in an applicable subsection of this section.
- 2. It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution for
- 14 manufacturing, producing, acquiring, purchasing, possessing,
- 15 distributing, or offering for sale the plant cannabis that the
- 16 person complied with section 204.7, subsection 5 or 6.
- 3. It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution for
- 18 producing, possessing, using, harvesting, handling, or
- 19 distributing the plant cannabis pursuant to the results of
- 20 a test conducted pursuant to section 204.8 that all of the
- 21 following apply:
- 22 a. The person is a licensee under the negligent violation
- 23 program administered by the department of agriculture and land
- 24 stewardship as provided in section 204.15.
- 25 b. The plant is or was produced on the licensee's crop site
- 26 as provided in chapter 204.
- 27 c. The offense arises out of a test of a sample of plants
- 28 that are part of a crop produced on the licensee's crop site
- 29 and the test indicates that the sample does not qualify as hemp
- 30 under section 204.8 and does not exceed a maximum concentration
- 31 of two percent delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol on a dry weight
- 32 basis.
- 33 d. The licensee is participating in or has successfully
- 34 completed the negligent violation program that applies to the
- 35 licensee's crop site described in paragraph c.

- 1 4. a. It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution for 2 manufacturing, producing, acquiring, purchasing, possessing, 3 distributing, or offering for sale an item derived from or made 4 by processing the plant cannabis that the product meets the 5 definition of a hemp product as defined in section 204.2.

 b. It is an affirmative defense to a prosecution for 7 manufacturing, selling, or consuming a consumable hemp product 8 as defined in section 204.2 that the consumable hemp product 9 was manufactured, sold, or consumed in compliance with section 204.7, subsection 8.
- 11 EXPLANATION
- The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
- 14 GENERAL. This bill relates to criminal offenses involving 15 hemp, which is a type of cannabis (sativa L.) plant that 16 meets the legal threshold of having a maximum delta-9 17 tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) concentration of not more than 18 three-tenths of one percent. Specifically, the bill provides 19 an affirmative defense may be pled and proven by a person 20 accused of committing the criminal offense, based on the 21 defendant's compliance with certain requirements associated 22 with the legal production of hemp as provided in the Iowa 23 hemp Act (IHA) codified in Code chapter 204. This includes 24 having obtained a number of documents including a license to 25 produce hemp (Code section 204.4), a certificate of analysis 26 testing the hemp's THC concentration, a temporary harvest and 27 transportation permit, and a bill of lading when transporting 28 hemp (Code section 204.7(5)). A person other than a licensee 29 may also plead and prove an affirmative defense if the person 30 is authorized to be on the licensee's crop site by the licensee 31 (Code section 204.7(6)). For certain prosecutions, the 32 affirmative defense must include participation in the negligent 33 violation program in which a qualified person required to be 34 licensed by the department of agriculture and land stewardship 35 (DALS) is not subject to criminal liability by complying with a

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1 corrective plan approved by DALS (Code section 204.15).
 2 licensee cannot participate in the program if the results of
 3 a test of the licensee's crop exceeds 2 percent THC.
 4 affirmative defense may also be pled and proven for a criminal
 5 offense involving an item derived from or made by processing
 6 the plant cannabis. In that case it must be proven that the
 7 item qualifies as a hemp product, meaning that it meets the
 8 minimum legal threshold (Code section 204.2(11)). If the hemp
 9 product is a consumable hemp product, an additional burden
10 is placed on the defendant to plead and prove that the item
ll was manufactured in this state, it derives from hemp, was
12 produced in compliance with Code chapter 204, it complies with
13 packaging and labeling requirements adopted by the department
14 of inspections and appeals, and the manufacturer is registered
15 with the department of inspections and appeals (Code section
16 204.7(8)). The affirmative defense applies to prosecutions
17 brought under Code chapter 124 regulating controlled substances
18 and Code chapter 453B imposing an excise tax on the unlawful
19 possession and dealing of certain substances.
      BACKGROUND - IOWA HEMP ACT. DALS administers and
20
21 enforces the IHA in cooperation with the department of public
22 safety (Code section 204.3). Regulation of hemp products is
23 administered and enforced by the department of inspections and
24 appeals (Code section 204.7). The original law included a
25 number of coordinating provisions, including amendments that
26 removed hemp from the list of schedule I controlled substances
27 (Code chapter 124) and eliminated the associated excise tax
28 imposed on controlled substances (Code chapter 453B).
29 law was amended last year, which in part changed compliance
30 requirements (2020 Iowa Acts, chapters 1065 and 1121).
      CRIMINAL PENALTIES. A number of criminal penalties apply to
31
32 a criminal conviction involving cannabis, including possession,
33 manufacture, and distribution.
                                  These include a serious and
34 aggravated misdemeanor (Code sections 124.401 and 124.410) and
35 class "D", class "C", and class "B" felonies (Code sections
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- 1 124.401, 124.410, and 453B.12). A serious misdemeanor is
- 2 punishable by confinement for no more than one year and a fine
- 3 of at least \$430 but not more than \$2,560. An aggravated
- 4 misdemeanor is punishable by confinement for no more than two
- 5 years and a fine of at least \$855 but not more than \$8,540. A
- 6 class "D" felony is punishable by confinement for no more than
- 7 five years and a fine of at least \$1,025 but not more than
- 8 \$10,245. A class "C" felony is punishable by confinement for
- 9 no more than 10 years and a fine of at least \$1,370 but not
- 10 more than \$13,660. And a class "B" felony is punishable by
- 11 confinement for no more than 25 years.